

# Exploring Peer Health Coach (PHC) Roles in the Online Health-Management Program for Adults with Spinal Cord Injury (SCI)

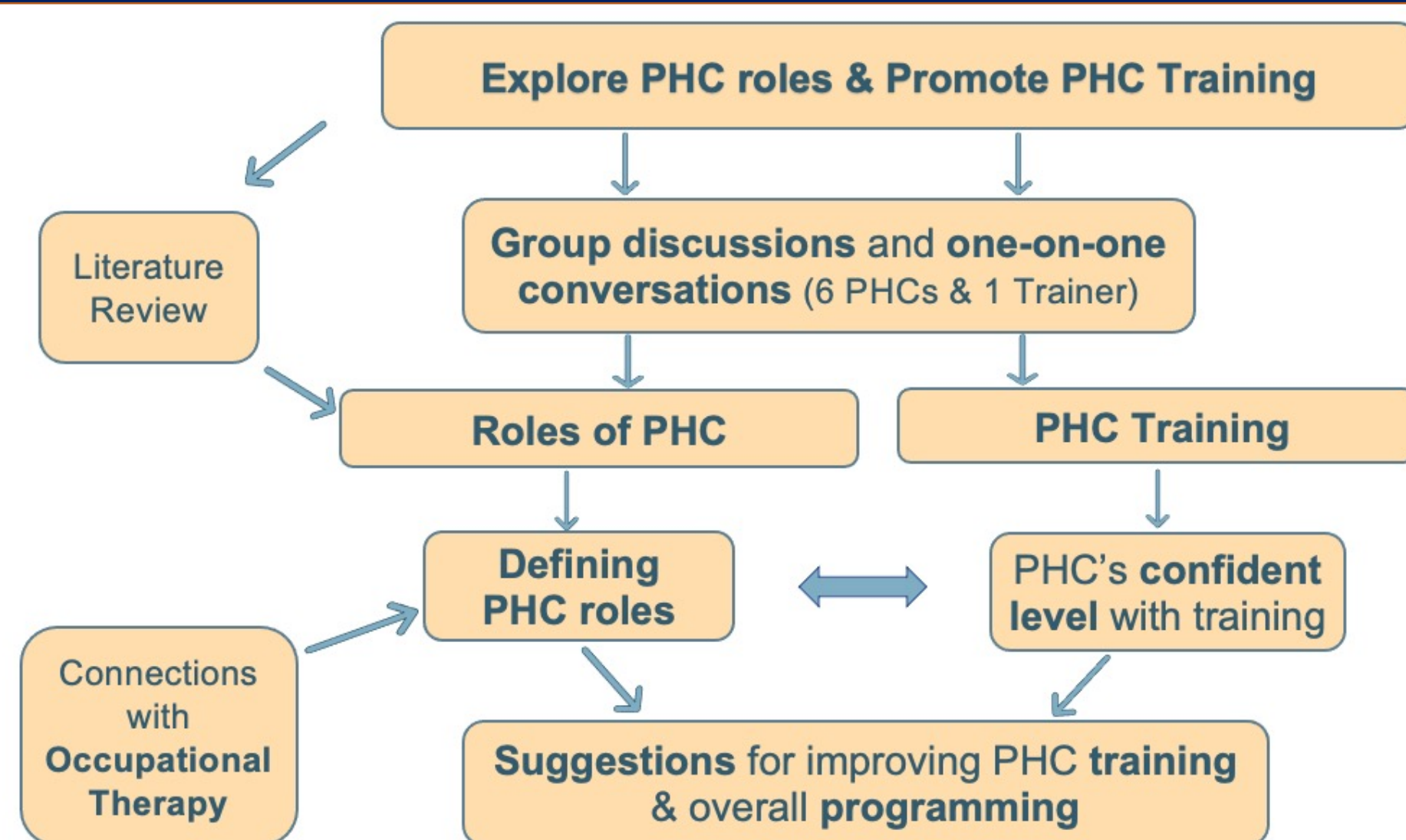
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## Background

- **296,000** people in the US are living with Spinal Cord Injury (SCI)
- **30%** require re-hospitalization within 1 year post discharge (NSCISC, 2021).
  - Individuals with SCI are at higher risk of developing **secondary health issues**, many of which can be prevented or managed by health management knowledge and strategies (Houlihan et al., 2017).
- **Gap:** Services, resources, & self management tools in the community currently **inadequate** for individuals with SCI (Allin et al., 2020).
- **SCI Peer Health Coach (PHC)** can play powerful role in promoting health management as are **trained** to support peers as they adjust to life changes & manage health challenges (Skeels et al., 2017).
- **SCI&U:** online health management program which utilizes **SCI-PHCs** & has shown potential to improve self-efficacy, quality of life & ability to address secondary SCI complications (Allin et al., 2020).
  - **International cooperation** between UToronto and United Spinal Association. Research approved though REB of Utoronto.
- **Aims:**
  1. Describe the innovative **PHC role** in relation to traditional roles of “peer” & peer mentor”
  2. Evaluate the current **PHC training** process within SCI&U.

## Methods



- The investigator observed **24 PHC team meetings** to build relationship with the team & inform the training evaluation as well as the PHC roles.
- **Training materials** were reviewed & categorized to match different roles PHC served in the coaching sessions.
- **Current literature** related to PHC & peer mentor positions was reviewed to develop an overall **understanding** & to inform **PHC roles**.

## Peer Health Coaches Characteristics

- PHCs receive over **6 months** of **evidence-based training & certificate** & participate **weekly** team meeting.
- **6 SCI-PHCs** participated in this project.

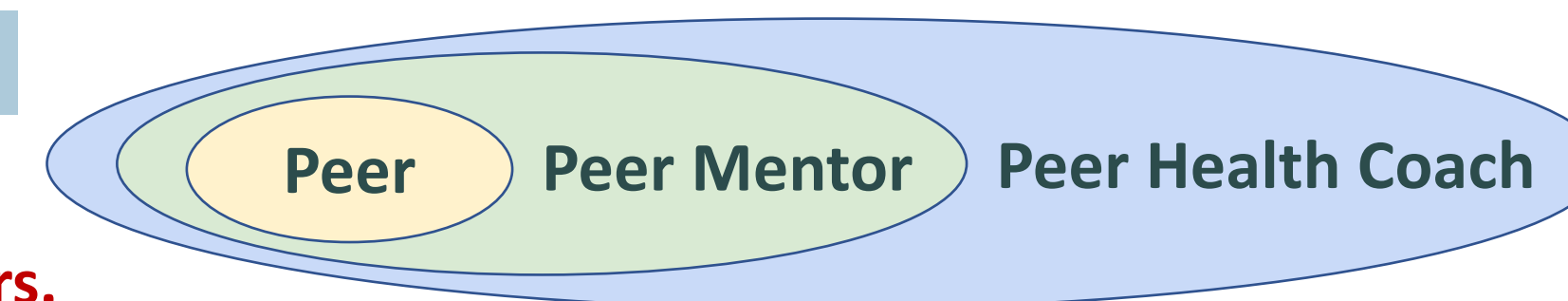
|                              |                                              |
|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| Age                          | Range: 36-55; Average: 49                    |
| Gender                       | 2 Females, 4 Males                           |
| Ethnicity/heritage           | 1/3 identify as non-white                    |
| Years Since Injury           | Range: 9-31; Average: 21 years               |
| Level of SCI                 | Range from C4/5 to L5                        |
| Formal Education Level       | Every PHC has some post-secondary experience |
| Years of SCI Peer Experience | Range: 4-28 years; Average: 16 years         |

## Results & Discussion

### PHC Roles in relation to Peer and Peer mentor

\*All Peer Mentors are Peers;

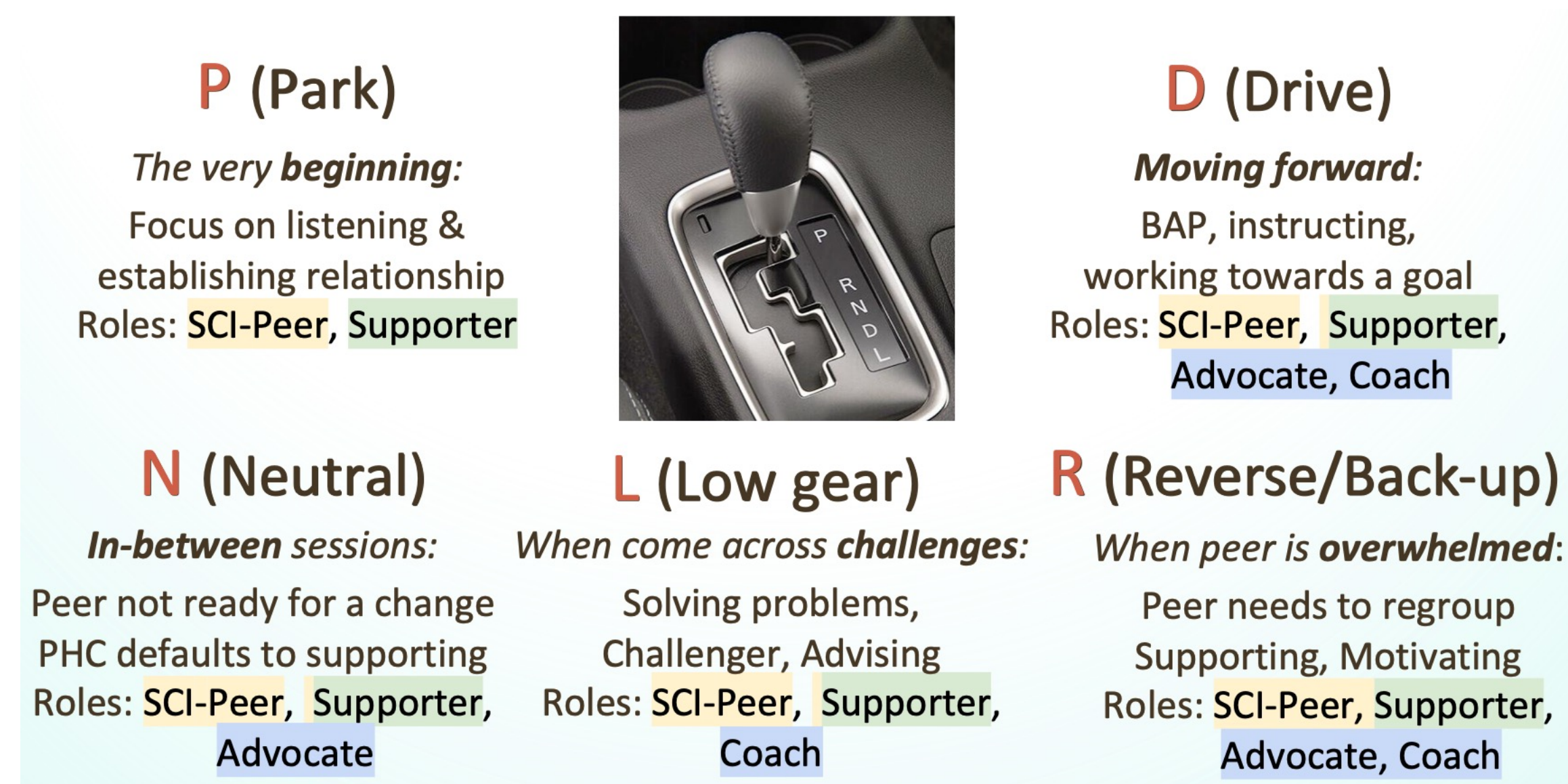
**All Peer Health Coaches are Peer Mentors & Peers.**



|                                   | Peer                         | Peer Mentor                                                         | Peer Health Coach                                                                                                     |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Training &amp; Certificate</b> | N/A                          | ~ 6-8 hours training                                                | 6 months of in-depth training with certification                                                                      |
| <b>Roles</b>                      | SCI-Peer                     | SCI-Peer, Supporter                                                 | SCI-Peer, Supporter Advocate, Coach                                                                                   |
| <b>Relationship</b>               | Unintentional & unstructured | Intentional short-term & unstructured                               | Intentional long-lasting & structured                                                                                 |
| <b>Focus</b>                      | Empathizing                  | Solving <i>immediate needs</i> by information sharing               | <i>Developing skills &amp; Behavior Change</i> for long-term inter-dependence                                         |
| <b>Tools &amp; Skills</b>         | Share lived experience       | Share lived experience<br>SCI related knowledge & management skills | Share lived experience,<br>SCI related knowledge & management skills<br>Language-based/defined professional skill set |

### PHC Roles & Gear shifting

- PHC **switch** between roles **naturally** to meet the specific needs of peers.
- **Training** is the ‘gear stick’ that allows a PHC to **recognize** and **shift** into different modes as needed.



\* **Therapeutic modes** from Renee Taylor’s *The Intentional Relationship: Occupational Therapy and The Use of Self* was referred to inform **PHC modes shifting**. (Taylor, 2020)

### PHC Training Materials and PHC’s Confidence Level of each Training Item

| PHC Training Items                            | PHC’s Confidence with Training<br>(scale of 1-10) |         |
|-----------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|---------|
| • <b>Interpersonal/Interactive skill base</b> | Range                                             | Average |
| ○ Relationship building                       | 7.5-10                                            | 8.9     |
| ○ Shared story (therapeutic use of self)      | 7.5-10                                            | 9.2     |
| ○ Affirmation statement                       | 7.5-10                                            | 8.8     |
| ○ Reflective listening                        | 7-10                                              | 9.2     |

| Professional skill base / Certification  |      |     |
|------------------------------------------|------|-----|
| - <b>External</b> institution:           | 7-10 | 9.1 |
| ○ Brief action plan (BAP)                | 5-10 | 8.3 |
| ○ Mental health first aid*               |      |     |
| - <b>Internal</b> training:              | 5-9  | 7.7 |
| ○ Identifying support system*            | 7-10 | 8.2 |
| ○ Resource review/organize*              | 8-10 | 9.5 |
| ○ In-between call text support/reminders |      |     |
| ○ Peer sharing experience from coaching  | N/A  |     |
| ○ Role play/simulation                   |      |     |

\*\*PHCs feel **confident** for most of the training items; need support in **Mental Health First Aid, resource review & identifying support system**.

### Training Discussion from the PHC Perspective

#### Pros

- “Training is what makes you a **peer health coach**.”
- Training is “infinitely **important**” in building **professionalism & confidence**.
- PHC Training is helpful both in the **job/role & personal life**.
- Training provided “a good **structure**” for sessions & “gave us the **language**”.
- “Training let me know what to **expect**.”

#### Cons

- Situations that PHC felt **unprepared for**, e.g., topics of mortality.
- **Time lags** between different training items.
- Some of the training items **not specifically** designed for the needs of **SCI**.
- Challenging & time-consuming to **navigate health-care system & find resources** in different states.

## Recommendations

### Recommendations for improving the training:

- **Condense** training timeline.
- Meet **support professionals** early, i.e., psychologist & rehab nurse
- **Review** training items on regular basis (in-services/ workshop)
- **Tailor** training specifically to SCI by adding: **trauma informed care, substance misuse, traumatic brain injury, SCI-related health information**
- **Note-taking** skill training & tools.
- Build **Tip booklet** & record **training videos** for different scenarios PHC may face with possible solutions.
- Build **resource library** including safety net services, community services, healthcare system information, etc.

### Next Steps:

- Analyze personality test information to inform future PHC recruitment
- Interview PHC trainers & participants to examine from multiple stakeholder perspectives
- **Explore occupational therapy practitioner’s role** in supporting training and advocating for PHC.

**Goal - Disseminate findings to support recognition of & advocacy for PHC as a professional & valued member of the healthcare team!**

### References



### Infographic



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